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## DISCRETE MATHEMATICS

DRMOTA, 100 MIN.

- 1) a) Let  $A(x)$  be the generating function of the sequence  $(a_n)$  and  $B(x)$  the generating function of the sequence  $(b_n)$ . What is the generating function of the sequence

$$c_n = \sum_{k=0}^n a_k b_{n-k} \quad ?$$

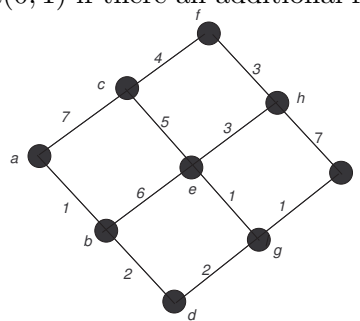
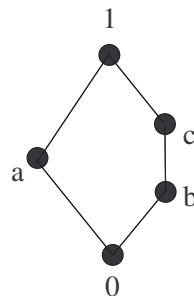
- b) Furthermore let  $(d_n)$  be the sequence that is determined by the relation

$$d_n = \sum_{k=0}^n d_k - 2n \quad (n \geq 0).$$

Determine the corresponding generating function  $D(x)$  and then  $d_n$ .

- 2) Determine the value of the Moebius function  $\mu(0, 1)$  of the following partial order (on the left hand side).

Furthermore, determine  $\mu(0, 1)$  if there an additional relation  $a \leq c$ .



- 3) Determine with the help of the Dijkstra-Algorithmu a shortest path from  $f$  to  $d$  (in the right hand side network).
- 4) a) Which of the following polynomials is irreducible over  $\mathbb{Z}_3$ :
- b) Furthermore solve the following system of congruence relations:

$$f(x) = x^3 + x^2 + 1, \quad g(x) = x^3 + 2x + 1.$$

$$\begin{aligned} x^3 &\equiv 1 \pmod{3}, \\ 12x &\equiv 15 \pmod{21}. \end{aligned}$$

Remark: Redude the system first to a system of the form  $x \equiv a_i \pmod{m_i}$ .

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Vienna, March 12, 2021