

248) $\int_1^\infty \ln\left(1 + \frac{1}{x}\right) dx$

Partielle Integr.

$v = x$
 $u = \ln\left(1 + \frac{1}{x}\right) \quad v' = 1$

$u' = \frac{1}{\frac{1}{x} + 1} \cdot \left(\frac{1}{x} + 1\right)' = \frac{-x^{-2}}{\frac{1}{x} + 1}$

$\Rightarrow x \cdot \ln\left(1 + \frac{1}{x}\right) - \int -\frac{1}{\left(\frac{1}{x} + 1\right)x^2} \cdot x$

$= x \ln\left(1 + \frac{1}{x}\right) + \ln(x+1) \Big|_1^\infty$

$= \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} n \cdot \ln\left(1 + \frac{1}{n}\right) + \ln(n+1) - \ln(2) - \ln(2)$
De l'Hospital \rightarrow \rightarrow const

$= \int_1^\infty \ln\left(1 + \frac{1}{x}\right) dx = \infty$

$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\ln\left(1 + \frac{1}{n}\right)}{n^{-1}} = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{-\frac{1}{n(n+1)}}{-\frac{1}{n^2}}$
 $= \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{x}{x+1} = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1}{1} = 1$